

Date:

Subject: Mathematics

Total marks: 80

Paper name and code: Algebra (MTC105)

Duration: 2 hours

Total no. of pages: 2

Instructions: i) All questions are compulsory
ii) Figures to the right indicate full marks
iii) Use of non-programmable calculators is allowed.

I) Answer any four of the following questions. (4x4=16)

- Is the set of real numbers with respect to multiplication defines a group?
- Let H_1 and H_2 be two subgroups of a group G . Prove that $H_1 \cap H_2$ is a subgroup of G .
- Let $G = \{1, -1, i, -i\}$. Is (G, \cdot) a cyclic group?
- Let $\alpha = (1\ 3\ 5)$ and $\beta = (2\ 4)(5\ 3)$ be the two permutations in S_5 . Find $\alpha\beta$ and $\beta\alpha^2$.
- Let $G = GL(2, \mathbb{R})$. Find the Center of $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
- Let H be a non-empty finite subset of a group G . Prove that H is a subgroup of G if and only if $a.b \in H \quad \forall a, b \in H$.

II) Answer any four of the following questions. (4x4=16)

- List the left and right cosets of H in G where $G = (Z_6, +_6)$ and $H = \{\bar{0}, \bar{3}\}$.
- Let $G = \{(1), (132)(465)(78), (132)(465), (132)(456), (132)(456)(78), (78)\}$ be the set of permutations, find stabilizer and orbit of 1, 2 and 7.
- Let G_1 and G_2 be two groups and let $\phi: G_1 \rightarrow G_2$ be a homomorphism. Let H be a subgroup of G_1 then prove that if H is cyclic then $\phi(H)$ is cyclic.
- Define Ring, Integral Domain, Ideal and Field.
- Let $\phi: G \rightarrow G_1$ be an isomorphism, then prove that if K_1 is a subgroup of G_1 then $\phi^{-1}(K_1) = \{g \in G / \phi(g) \in K_1\}$ is a subgroup of G .
- Every integral domain is a field. Prove or disprove.

III) Answer the following questions. (6x2=12)

A) Answer any one of the following.

- Let (G, \cdot) be a group and let H be a non-empty subset of G then prove that H is a subgroup of G if and only if $a.b^{-1} \in H \quad \forall a, b \in H$.
- Prove that any subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.

B) Prove that $o(HK) = o(H). o(K)/o(H \cap K)$

IV) Answer the following questions. (6x2=12)

A) Answer any one of the following.

- Prove that the order of a permutation of a finite set written in disjoint cycle form is the least common multiple of the length of the cycles.
- Prove that every permutation of a finite set can be written as cycle or as a product of disjoint cycle.

B) Prove that every group is isomorphic to a group of permutations. (Cayley's

V) Answer the following questions.

(6x2=12)

A) Answer any one of the following.

- i) For $n > 1$, prove that A_n has order $n!/2$.
- ii) Let G be a finite abelian group and let p be a prime that divides the order of G . Prove that G has an element of order p .

B) State and prove Lagrange's theorem.

VI) Answer the following questions.

(6x2=12)

A) Answer any one of the following.

- i) Let $\phi: R \rightarrow S$ be a ring homomorphism, Let A be an ideal of R and ϕ is onto, then prove that $\phi(A)$ is an ideal of S .
- ii) Prove that intersection of an arbitrary family of ideals of a ring R is an ideal of R .

B) Prove that a non-empty subset S of a ring $(R, +, \cdot)$ is a subring iff $a - b \in S$ and $a \cdot b \in S \quad \forall a, b \in S$.
