

CARMEL COLLEGE OF ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE FOR WOMEN.
SEMESTER END EXAMINATION, AUGUST 2020.

SEMESTER: VI of B.SC.	DATE : 05/08/2020	TOTAL MARKS: 30
SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS	PAPER NAME AND PAPER CODE : Metric Spaces (MTC 110)	DURATION : 10 a.m. -12noon

No. OF PAGES: 01

Instructions:

1. All Questions are Compulsory, however internal choice is available.
2. Figures to the right indicate full marks allotted to questions/sub questions.
3. Use of Non-programmable calculator is allowed.
4. Student shall write down the answers and should sign each and every page with date and then upload the scanned copy/photograph of the answer sheet in PDF format. A student must upload their answer scripts by 2.00 pm.
5. PDF should be titled as: Name of the student, Seat Number and paper name.

Q1. Answer any five of the following:

2x5=10

- a) Check if $d: \mathbb{R}^2 \times \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ defined as $d(x, y) = |x_1 + y_1| - |x_2 + y_2|$ is a metric space on \mathbb{R}^2 .
- b) Prove that every convergent sequence in a metric space has a unique limit point.
- c) Prove that in any metric space compliment of every singleton set is open.
- d) In a metric space, Every Cauchy sequence is convergent. Prove or Disprove.
- e) Let (X, d) be a metric space and let $f: X \rightarrow X$ be a continuous function. Show that the set $W = \{x \in X / f(x) = x\}$ is closed in X .
- f) Let (\mathbb{R}^2, d_q) be a metric space with usual metric on \mathbb{R}^2 . Show that $f: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ given by $f((x, y)) = (\frac{x}{2}, \frac{y}{2}) \forall (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ is a contraction mapping.
- g) Prove that two separated sets in a metric space (X, d) are disjoint. Is the converse true? Justify.
- h) Is the set $A = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x \neq y\}$ disconnected in \mathbb{R}^2 with respect to usual metric? Justify your answer.

Q2A. Answer any four of the following:

5x4=20

- a) Prove that $S = \{(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x_1 + x_2 > 1\}$ is an open set on \mathbb{R}^2 .
- b) Give an example of a set $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ which contains a subset different from ϕ and X that is both open as well as closed in X .
- c) Prove that \mathbb{R}^k is a complete metric space with respect to d_∞ metric where $d_\infty = \text{Max}\{|x_i - y_i| / 1 \leq i \leq k\}$.
- d) Let (X, d) be discrete metric space and (Y, e) be any metric space then show that any function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ is continuous.
- e) Prove that a discrete metric space (X, d) with more than one point is disconnected.
- f) Use Piccard's theorem to prove that the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y + 1$ has unique solution in the neighbourhood of $(1, 0)$ which satisfy the initial condition $y(1) = 4$.
