



B.A. (Semester – V) Examination, October/November 2016
POLITICAL SCIENCE
Indian Political Thinkers (Kautilya to Vivekananda)
(Revised Course)

Duration : 2 Hours

Total Marks : 80

Instructions : i) **All questions are compulsory, however, internal choice is available.**

ii) **Answer sub-questions in question 1 and question 2 in not more than 100 words each.**

iii) **Answer question 3 to question 6 each in not more than 400 words each.**

iv) **Figures to the right indicates maximum marks to the question/subquestion.**

v) **Paper carrier maximum 80 marks.**

1. Answer **any four** of the following :

16

- i) Why did Kautilya accept *Kosha* as one of the prominent features of state ?
- ii) Why did Kautilya consider *Bala* as an important defense of State ?
- iii) Give any four reasons as why Rajaram Mohan Roy is considered as the founding father of Indian Renaissance.
- iv) Why did Rajaram Mohan Roy introduce British system of education in India ?
- v) Give Gokhale's arguments on freedom of press for democracy.
- vi) Why did Gandhi call Gokhale as a 'Political Guru' ?

2. Answer **any four** of the following :

16

- i) Mention Tilak's views on Ganapati Festivals.
- ii) Why was Tilak against the policy of INC ?
- iii) Why is Aurobindo called as the 'Prophet of Indian Nationalism' ?
- iv) Give Aurobindo's views to achieve political freedom.
- v) Why is Vivekananda called as Chief Exponent of Hindu Philosophy ?
- vi) Give any four factors of Universal principle of love as advocated by Vivekananda.

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3. A) Examine Kautilya's views on Justice and State of Law. 12

OR

X) Briefly examine the subject matters of *Arthashastra*. 12

4. A) Evaluate Rajaram Mohan Roy's views on Liberty. 12

OR

X) Elaborate Gokhale's Political ideas. 12

5. A) "Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it". How far are you agree with the view ? 12

OR

X) Critically evaluate Tilak's views on : 12

a) Freedom of Press

b) British Rule in India.

6. A) Enumerate Metaphysical ideas of Aurobindo. 12

OR

X) Briefly highlight the teachings of Swami Vivekananda. 12