



**B.A. (Semester – VI) Examination, April/May 2017**  
**HISTORY (Paper – IX)**  
**Towards Freedom (1905 – 1947)**

Duration : 2 Hours

Total Marks : 80

- Instructions :** i) **All questions are compulsory.**  
ii) **Answer sub-questions in Q. I and Q. II in not more than 100 words each.**  
iii) **Answer questions Q. III to Q. VI in not more than 400 words each.**  
iv) **Figures to the right indicate maximum marks.**

I. Answer the following (any 4) : 16

- i) What were the reasons for the partition of Bengal by the British in 1905 ?
- ii) Explain any two reasons for the decline of the Swadeshi Movement started in Bengal in 1905.
- iii) Who were the founders of the All India Muslim League and what were its objectives ?
- iv) Why did the British Government invite Indians to Round Table Conferences between 1930 - 32 ?
- v) What was the Communal Award, 1932 ?
- vi) Why was the Nehru Report, 1929, rejected by the British ?

II. Answer the following (any 4) : 16

- i) What was Jinnah's "Two Nations Theory" ?
- ii) Why did the Congress Ministeries in India resign in 1939 ?
- iii) Why did the British suggest the August offer 1940, and why was it rejected ?
- iv) Explain any two reasons for the Quit India Movement turning violent.
- v) How did Subhash Chandra Bose create the Indian National Army ?
- vi) Why was Jinnah dissatisfied with the Mountbatten Plan, 1947 ?





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- III. a) Examine the participation of Bengalis in the Anti-Partition Movement in Bengal, 1905. 12
- OR
- b) Discuss the founding of the Home Rule Leagues and the contribution made to the Indian National Movement. 12
- IV. a) Write a note on the Non-Cooperation Movement 1920-22, its programme and the outcome. 12
- OR
- b) Highlight the role of the Revolutionaries in India's Freedom Movement from 1922-30. 12
- V. a) Discuss the political developments in the World from 1939 to 1942 and its impact on India. 12
- OR
- b) Highlight the features of the Cripps Proposals 1942 and what was the Indian response to it? 12
- VI. a) What did the Cabinet Mission Plan offer the Indians in 1946 and how far was it successfully implemented? 12
- OR
- b) Examine the contribution of Subhash Chandra Bose and the Indian National Army to the Indian Freedom Struggle. 12